

Estates & Trusts

A GUIDE TO PLANNING





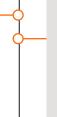
Must Haves

Goal: Plan for and document the transfer of assets per your wishes with minimized transfer costs.



Last Will and Testament

A will specifically spells out how you want your assets distributed and appoints guardians for any minor children.



Living Trust

A living trust avoids probate, allows for privacy, and designates how assets are to be divided upon your death.





Healthcare Power of Attorney

Designate an agent to make your healthcare decisions in the event you are unable to make them while you are living.



Designate an agent to make financial decisions in the event that you are unable to make them while you are living.



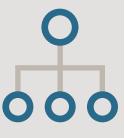


Review coownership provisions & account titling

Correct ownership and account titling ensure assets and accounts pass the way you intend.



This is important as some assets (such as IRAs, Life Insurance, and Annuities) pass to your designated beneficiaries.



Upon life events (marriage, divorce, birth, adoption, etc.), review these aspects of your estate plan to ensure all information is up-to-date.

ESTATES & TRUSTS



Considerations

Goal: Further enhance the direction of assets, minimize estate taxes or increase asset protection.



Grantor Retained Annuity Trusts

Grantor Retained Annuity
Trusts (GRAT) seek to pass
assets to beneficiaries free of
estate and gift tax that have
appreciated over the IRS
Section 7520 interest rate.

Charitable Options

Explore charitable giving options, such as Charitable Trusts, Donor-Advised Funds and Foundations, for both philanthropic and tax benefits

Irrevocable Life Insurance Trust

Because life insurance is not necessarily estate tax free, consider establishing an Irrevocable Life Insurance Trust.

Qualified Personal Residence Trust

A Qualified Personal
Residence Trust (QPRT) is
a type of trust that allows
its creator to remove a
personal home from his or

Spousal Lifetime Access Trusts

Spousal Lifetime Access Trusts (SLATs) allow spouses to pass assets to each other and other loved ones free of estate and gift tax while maintaining limited, indirect access to the assets.

Intra-Family Loans

Intra-Family Loans can provide family members lower borrowing rates than traditional financing options.



Special Needs Trusts

A Special Needs Trust preserves a beneficiary's eligibility for needs-based government benefits.



Advanced

Goal: Consider options for complex estate tax issues or liability concerns.



Self-Cancelling Notes

Self-Cancelling Notes allow the exchange of property for periodic payments based upon mortality.



Trust-Friendly Jurisdictions

Certain states, including
Delaware, have favorable
trusts statutes, offering the
potential to pass assets across
generations without incurring
transfer taxes (Dynasty Trusts),
delegate responsibilities to
non-trustees (Directed Trusts),
protect assets and more.



Family LLPs & LLCs

Family Limited Liability Partnerships and LLCs provide legal, financial, and tax structure to family businesses.



What is portability?

Portability allows you to use your spouse's unused estate tax exclusion. While portability was made permanent for federal estate tax purposes, you should check if your resident state also allows for portability of a deceased spouse's unused estate exclusion. In the event your resident state does not allow for portability, it may make sense for both spouses to have assets in their respective name (or trust's name) up to the resident state's estate exclusion amount.

How Assets Pass Upon Death

Probate vs Non-Probate Assets

Probate is a public court process that helps settle legal and financial matters upon death according to a will, if written.

Court costs, length of time, the lack of privacy and family disagreements are all potential issues that may arise within the probate process. With proper estate planning, you can limit the amount of assets that pass through probate.

ASSETS THAT BYPASS PROBATE

PROBATE ASSETS

Jointly held assets

- Joint Accounts
- JTWROS
- Tenancy by the Entirety

Assets with beneficiaries

- Retirement Accounts
- IRA & Annuities
- Transfer on Death
- Life Insurance

Assets held in trust

TrustAgreements

Individually-owned assets with no beneficiary

(ex. cars, home bank account and personal belongings)

Assets titled Tenancy in Common

Last Will and Testament



TO JOINT OWNER



TO NAMED
BENEFICIARY



TO TRUST
BENEFICIARY



TO WILL
BENEFICIARY



Digital Assets

Nearly all 50 states have passed a version of the Uniform Law Commission's Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act, Revised that legally allows for an executor, trustee, etc. to access a deceased's digital accounts. Consider discussing your digital estate with your attorney and the potential need to share online access information with your executor or trustee.

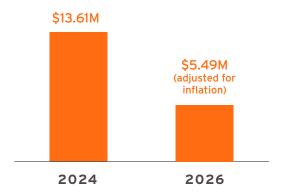
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Estate Planning Updates

A Window of Opportunity

- The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) of 2017 significantly increased the estate exclusion amount (presently \$13.61 million for 2024), though there had been concern that individuals taking advantage of the higher exclusion amount might one day owe additional tax for prior gifts, should the estate exclusion decrease after 2025.
- The Treasury Department and IRS later issued final regulations that individuals utilizing the increased gift and estate tax exclusion amounts from 2018 to 2025 would not be adversely impacted after 2025, should the exclusion revert to pre-2018 levels.
- Key Takeaway: Individuals who have or are likely to have - a taxable estate and who have sufficient assets to fund expenses during their lifetime may want to consider gifting additional assets to loved ones while the increased exclusion amount still stands.

& LIFETIME GIFTING AMOUNT SCHEDULED TO SUNSET



	2024
Estate Exclusion / Lifetime Gifting Exemption	\$13.61M
Maximum Estate Tax Rate	40%
Maximum Gift Tax Rate	40%
Annual Exclusion Gift	\$18,000
Annual Gifting Limit to U.S. Citizen Spouse	Unlimited
Annual Gifting Limit to Non-U.S. Citizen Spouse	\$185,000

Source: Taylor, K. "What is the Gift Tax Exclusion for 2024?," Kiplinger, January 19, 2024, https://www.kiplinger.com/taxes/gift-tax-exclusion. Accessed January 19, 2024. Copyright © 2023, PGI Partners, Inc., 921 East 86th Street, Suite 100, Indianapolis, Indiana 46240. All rights reserved.

Source: https://www.irs.gov/newsroom/irs-provides-tax-inflation-adjustments-for-tax-year-2024

Irrevocable Trusts

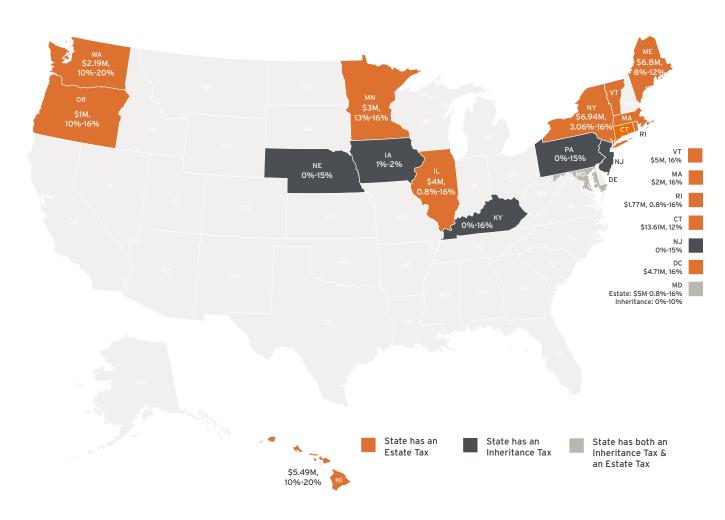
An irrevocable trust is a type of trust where its terms can't be modified, amended, or terminated without the permission of the grantor's named beneficiary or beneficiaries. These types of trusts have many applications but are typically used in planning for the preservation and distribution of an estate. Some specific uses may include:

- To take advantage of the estate tax exemption and remove taxable assets from the estate. Property transferred to an irrevocable living trust does not count toward the gross value of an estate.
- To prevent beneficiaries from misusing assets, the grantor can set conditions for distribution.
- To remove appreciable assets from the estate while still providing beneficiaries with a step-up basis in valuing the assets for tax purposes.
- To gift a principal residence to children under more favorable tax rules.
- To house a life insurance policy that would effectively remove the death proceeds from the estate.

Keep in mind, an irrevocable trust is a more complex legal arrangement than a revocable trust, mainly because of the tax implications. Be sure to seek a professional's guidance when setting up an irrevocable trust.

Don't Forget Estate Tax at the State Level!

Many states have estate exclusions far below the federal level which may result in state estate taxes. Older estate plans should be reviewed to ensure trust provisions incorporate current federal and state estate tax limits.



Source: Waggoner, J. "17 States With Estate or Inheritance Taxes," AARP, March 11, 2022, https://www.aarp.org/money/taxes/info-2020/states-with-estate-inheritance-taxes.html. Accessed April 13, 2022.

Source: Because You Asked "State Estate Taxes," John Hancock, March 03, 2023 LIFE-5106 3/23.

Source: "Iowa Inheritance Tax Rates 2023" https://tax.iowa.gov/sites/default/files/2023-11/TaxRateSch2023%2860012%29.pdf Accessed January 31, 2024.

Source: "Iowa Code 2024, Section 450.10" https://www.legis.iowa.gov Accessed January 31, 2024.

Source: "Does Your State Have an Estate or Inheritance Tax?" https://taxfoundation.org/data/all/state/state-estate-tax-inheritance-tax-2023/ Accessed February 8, 2024.



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